



## NEW ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS FOR EFFICIENT ILLUMINATION

#### INVENTION DESCRIPTION

Generally, organic light-emitting diodes (OLEDs) very expensive starting materials. have considerable advantages compared to other Researchers from the Institute for Molecular Science solid-state lighting technologies. Today best OLEDs (ICMol) of the Universitat de València have use a multi-layer architecture that is very sensitive to developed a new type of LEC that use ionic organic ambient atmosphere. They are prepared using dyes as the electroluminescent material. The use of sequential evaporation in high vacuum chambers and ionic dyes leads to materials that do not suffer from need to be rigorously encapsulated. Light-emitting compatibility issues and allows for a much more electrochemical cells (LECs) are much simpler, can economic production of LECs. These dyes are known be solution processed and are less sensitive to the for many years and used in applications such as ambient atmosphere. They use as electroluminescent photographic films and recordable DVD discs, and material either a blend of a neutral semiconductor - are produced in large quantities at low cost. Some usually a conjugated polymer- with a salt, or an ionic examples of suitable ionic organic dyes are cyanine, transition metal complex, possibly with the addition of hemicyanine and squarilene dyes. a salt. The first system is difficult to prepare as the Researchers have found that these small ionic compatibility with the neutral semiconductor and the molecules are able to perform all necessary actions salt is poor, which lead to phase separation and in LEC's electroluminescent materials: transport of unstable devices. The second one does not suffer electrons, transport of holes and emission of photons. from compatibility issues as the semiconductor is Therefore, it is not necessary to combine the dye with intrinsically ionic, yet it requires transition metals other charge transport material, simplifying and (usually Iridium, Ruthenium, Osmium, etc) which are reducing the cost of the device.

## **BUSINESS APPLICATION SECTORS**

LECs are interesting candidates for use in thin-film lighting applications, as they operate at very low voltages (yielding high power efficient devices) and are easy to produce. LECs can also be used for displays, as switching speed is comparable or even faster than with e-ink based displays.

#### TECHNICAL ADVANTAGES AND BENEFITS

The new types of LECs have the following advantages:

- Low cost: manufacture with commercial and readily available materials
- Performance: satisfactory radiance, efficiency and lifetime levels of the device, suitable for future technological applications.
- Solution processable from benign solvents

### DEVELOPMENT STATUS OF TECHNOLOGY

The technology has been validated in laboratory, and currently the research group is working on its development.

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

The technology is protected through the following patents:

Spanish patent application P201300194 and PCT/ES2014/000023 application, "Capa titled electroluminiscente para un dispositivo optoelectrónico".

#### COLLABORATION SOUGHT

- License agreement, manufacturing or marketing.
- R & D project to complete the development or apply to other sectors.
- Subcontracting agreement with another company.
- Possible spin-off (looking for partners)





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## RELATED IMAGES

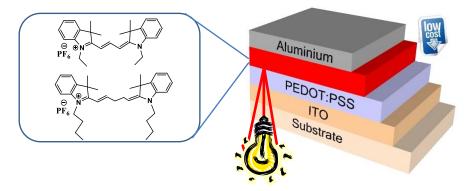


Image 1: Schematic of the device and examples of cyanine dyes used as the active material



Image 2: LEC that uses ionic organic dye

#### CONTACT

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